1	CRAIG H. MISSAKIAN (CABN 125202) United States Attorney MARTHA BOERSCH (CABN 126569) Chief, Criminal Division	
3		
4	ALETHEA M. SARGENT (CABN 288222) ALEXANDRA SHEPARD (CABN 205143) Assistant United States Attorneys	
5		
6	1301 Clay Street, Suite 340S Oakland, California 94612	
7	Telephone: (510) 637-3680 FAX: (510) 637-3724	
8	Alethea.Sargent@usdoj.gov Alexandra.Shepard@usdoj.gov	
9	Attorneys for United States of America	
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
12	OAKLAND DIVISION	
13	INITED STATES OF AMERICA CASE NO. 22 200 ISW 2	
14	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	CASE NO. 23-cr-269 JSW-3
15	Plaintiff,	OBJECTIONS TO DEFENSE OPENING VISUALS
16	v.)	
17	DEVON CHRISTOPHER WENGER,	
18	Defendant.	
19	,	
20	Pursuant to the Court's Order at Dkt. 504, the government makes the following objections to	
21	defense counsel's proposed opening visuals.	
22	Objection 1: The defense visuals include four video clips related to the D.S. incident that is the	
23	subject of Count 8. The government objects that three of these clips continue temporally past the point	
24	of relevance, and the fourth consists entirely of inadmissible hearsay.	
25	First, the government contends that the first three videos should end at the point at which D.S.	
26	was impacted by the 40mm less lethal projectile. On the day of the incident in question, after the	
27	defendant shot D.S. with the 40mm less lethal launcher, another officer deployed a K-9 on D.S. on the	
28	basis of D.S.'s reaction to that shot. The first three clips continue past the 40mm deployment and	
	OBJECTIONS TO DEFENSE OPENING VISUALS 1	

23-cr-269 JSW-3

include D.S.'s reaction to that deployment and the K-9 deployment. "The decision by a police officer to use force shall be evaluated from the perspective of a reasonable officer in the same situation, based on the totality of the circumstances known to or perceived by the officer at the time rather than with the benefit of hindsight." Dkt. 378, at p. 26. The reaction of D.S. to being shot with the 40mm launcher, and the subsequent decision to deploy a K-9 on D.S., are irrelevant to this inquiry and risk prejudicing the jury by confusing the jury and suggesting on the basis of events that occurred *after* Mr. Wenger's deployment of the 40mm launcher that D.S.'s behavior *before* that deployment warranted more force than Mr. Wenger deployed. *See* Fed. R. Evid. 403.

Second the government contends that the fourth video is entirely inadmissible. This clip depicts

Second, the government contends that the fourth video is entirely inadmissible. This clip depicts a conversation between Mr. Wenger, D.S., and another officer after D.S. was handcuffed and seated on a curb in which Mr. Wenger and the other officer explain to D.S. why force was deployed, and D.S. responds. The government understands from defense counsel that defense counsel's position is that this conversation is relevant to show lack of willfulness on Mr. Wenger's part. However, it also consists entirely of inadmissible out-of-court statements that are being introduced for the truth of the matter asserted. *See* Fed. R. Evid. 802; *cf. See* Fed. R. Evid. 801(d)(2) (exempting from hearsay definition opposing party's statement but not party's own statement).

Objection 2: The defense visuals include the names of prospective witnesses on a series of slides, including the government's noticed expert witness, Steve Ijames. Following the government's review of defense's visuals, the government informed defense counsel that it will not be calling Mr. Ijames in its case-in-chief. The government understands from defense counsel that defense counsel still intends to inform the jury that they "may hear from" Mr. Ijames. The government objects to that reference.

DATED: 9/5/2025 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ ALETHEA SARGENT

CRAIG H. MISSAKIAN United States Attorney

ALEXANDRA SHEPARD
Assistant United States Attorneys